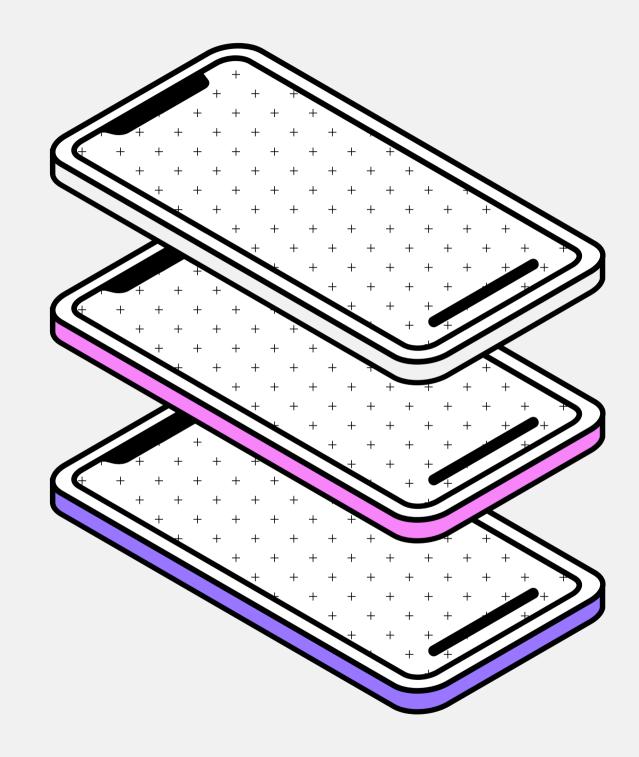
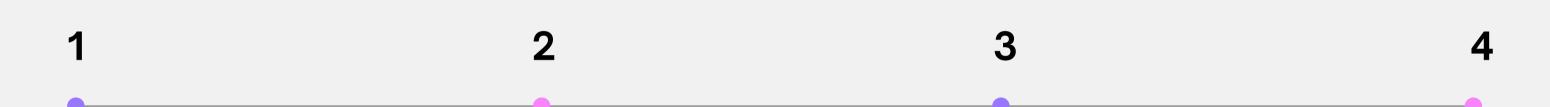
UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON MKTG 450

Mobile Ordering: A Qualitative Perspective

Alexis Moreno-Gonzalez
Alyssa Winterbauer
Grace Shim
Patricia Cho
Travis Roth



Research Methods and Analysis



Secondary Research

Research from online databases

Focus Groups

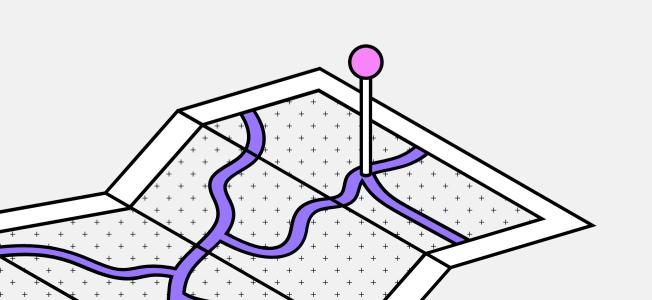
Ordering process of 4 person group

Observational Interviews

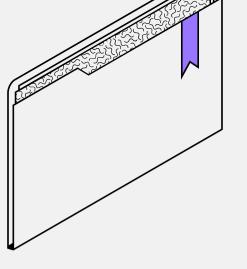
1 v 1 interviews about ordering preferences and trends

Recommendations

Recommendations based on primary and secondary research from study



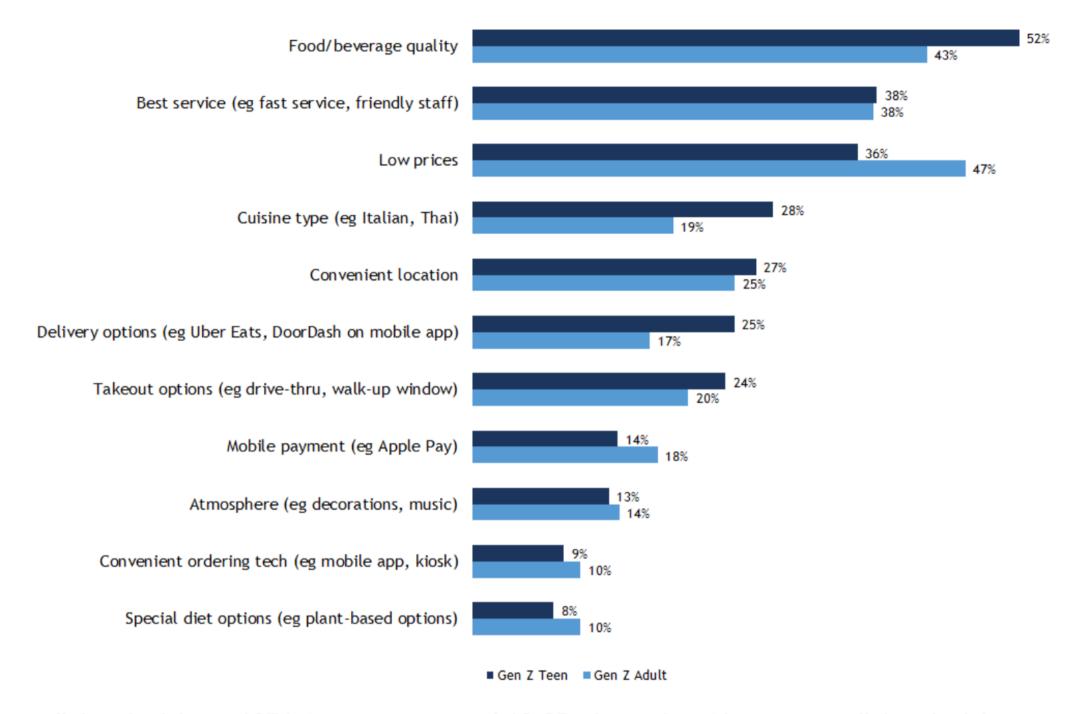




Secondary Research:Gen Z and Mobile Ordering

Gen Z Factors for Choosing a Restaurant

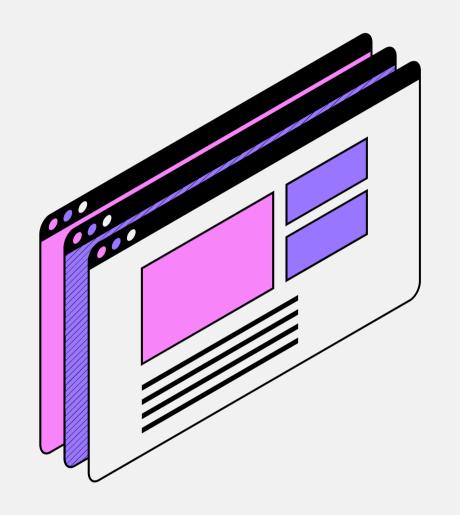
As of 2022



Base: 488 internet users aged 12-17 who make at least some dining decisions; 137 internet users aged 18-25 who make at least some dining decisions

Source: Kantar Profiles/Mintel, May 2022

How can restaurants capitalize on delivery and takeout interest?



Experts have expressed that using discounting as a promotional tool increases online user engagement for food-ordering apps among Generation Z.

Tap on our app: Internet motivators in the Generation Z purchasing process by Thomas Mueller and Greg Perreault

Focus Groups:

The Ordering Process



Purpose of the Focus Group

Designing the study

Goal

Determine mobile ordering preferences and behavioral trends when ordering in a group setting.

Prompt

"Among your group, place a mobile order with an average budget of \$20 per person, including tax and fees (but not tip)."

Participants

Four randomly selected undergraduate students from the Foster School of Business.

Ordering Process Overview



Collaborative approach

The ordering process took
44 minutes from selecting
a restaurant to completing
the purchase (delivery
time not included.



Hyperchoice

The group chose **Chick Fil A** after spending the most time selecting from hundreds of restaurants.



Utilizing features

DoorDash's **group**ordering feature allowed

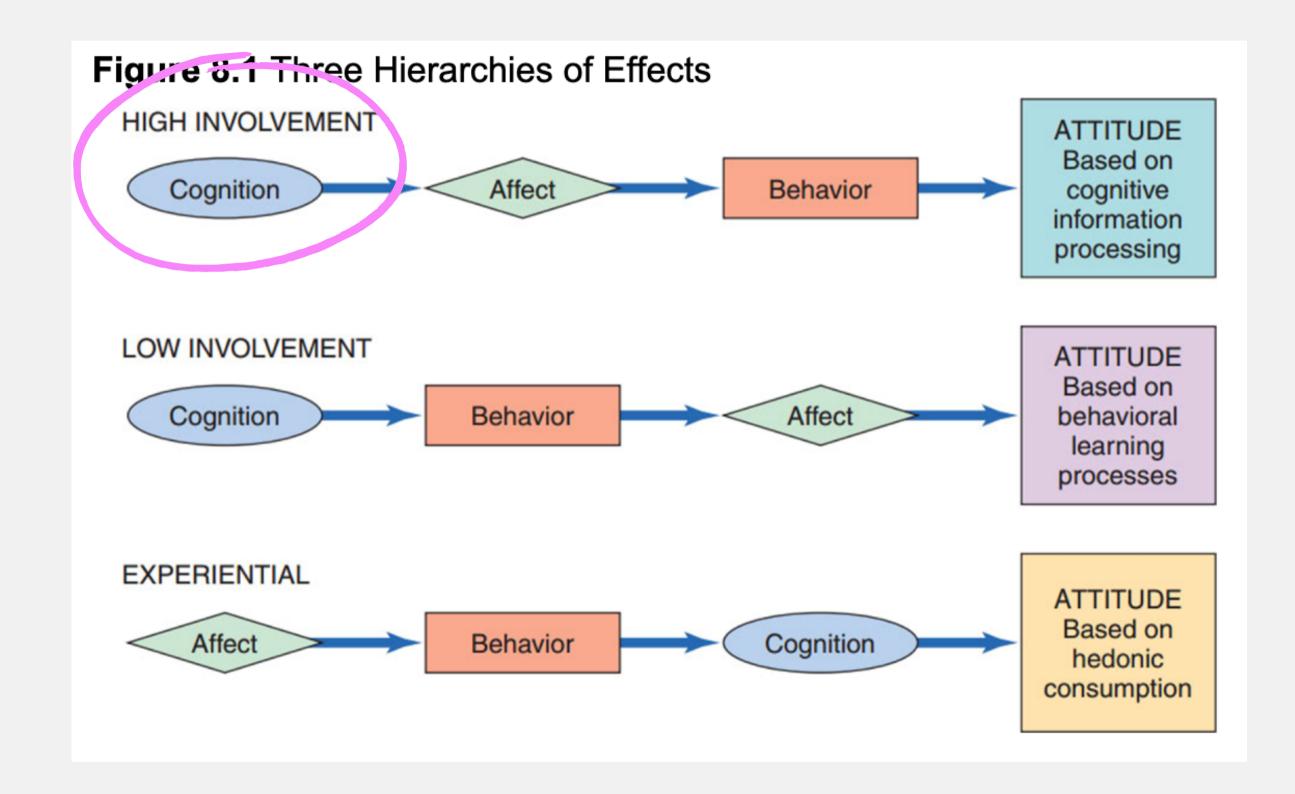
the group to add orders

from each device to one

cart.

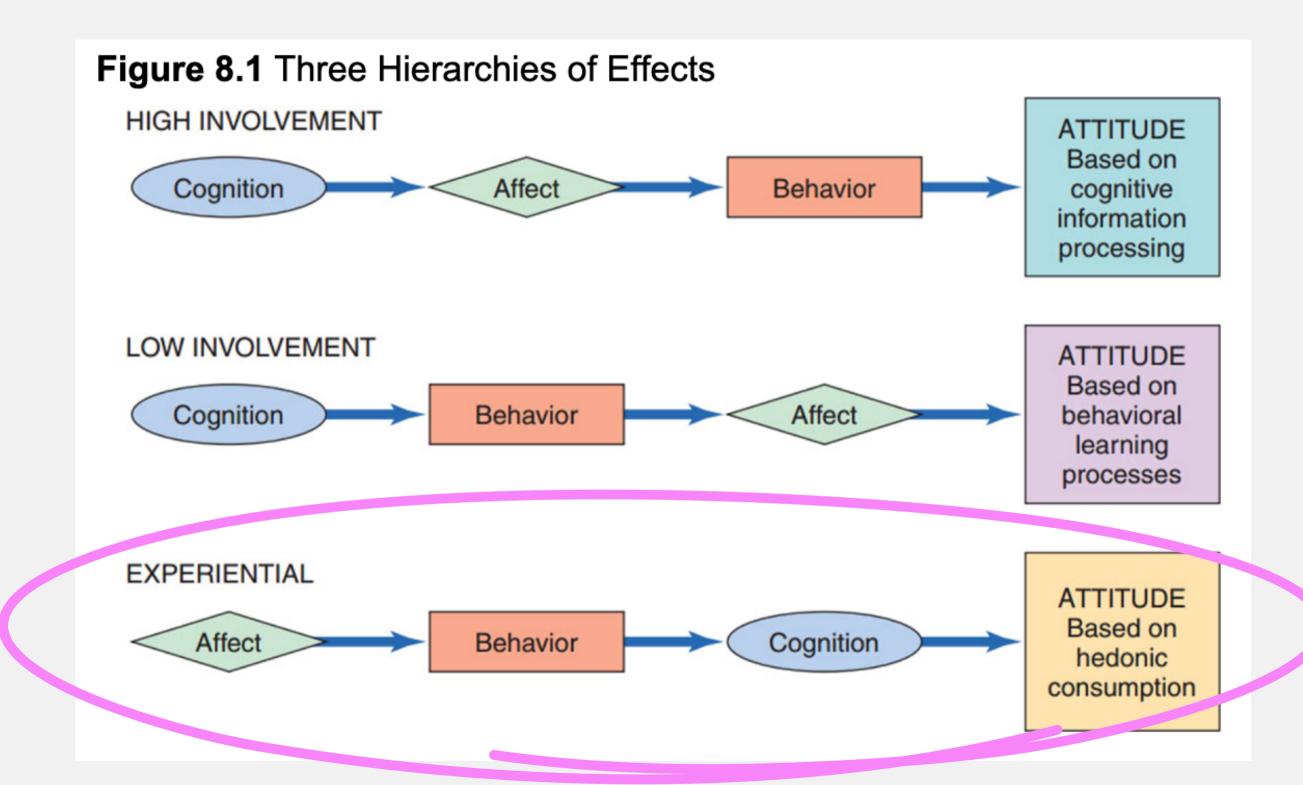
Decision Making

High Involvement

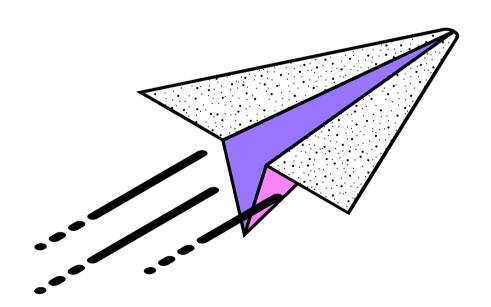


Decision Making

Experiential



The Theory of Reasoned Action





Intentions vs behavior



Social pressures



Attitude towards buying

Observational Interviews:

Gen Z Preferences





1 v 1 Observational Interviews

Quotes from Participants

Important insights

Participant A

"Price is definitely first priority for me. I tend to sacrifice my preferences in return for a cost friendly meal."

Participant B

"It typically takes me 10-20 minutes to decide on a restaurant to order from. I want to make sure I'm making the right decision."

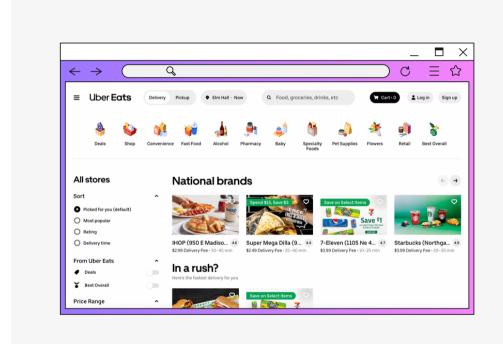
Participant C

"I don't usually order from delivery apps unless it's in a large group because then we can split the fees."

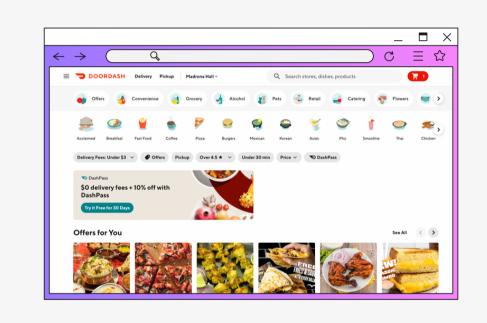
Participant D

"I found a DoorDash code on TikTok, I wouldn't have followed through on my purchase without the code."

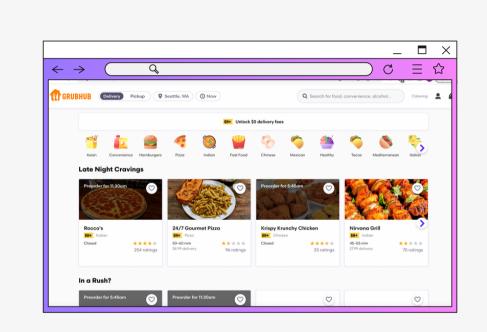
Observational Study Findings



Excessive delivery fees and hidden costs



Appealing and informative visuals



Preferences for promos, deals, and codes

Recommendations:

Implementing Insights

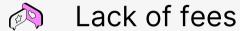


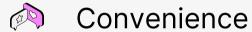
SWOT Analysis

Analysis for recommendations



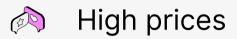
Strengths





Existing market

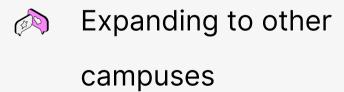
Weaknesses



Depersonalizedexperience

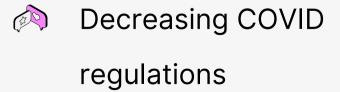
Opportunities

Online ordering trend



Threats

Pre-established platforms



Recommendations for DubGrub

Based on primary and secondary research

Rewards program

Group Exclusives

High quality pictures/descriptions

